

grammar



B1 / B2

verbs

Futures

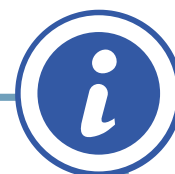


WELCOME

CONTENTS

Level: B1 / B2

- 1) Grammar
- 2) Differences in usage
- 3) Visual examples
- 4) Adverbs



En esta unidad explicaremos el uso del futuro y su estructura

¡Verás que fácil es !

CONSEJO: Haz la "activity" futures del campus online para practicar, así lo aprenderás mejor.

1) GRAMMAR

WILL

- Future simple - haré, cocinaré, diré, viajaré ...

AFFIRMATIVE

- **SUB + WILL + INFINITIVE + COMPLEMENTS.**
“I will watch a movie tonight.”

NEGATIVE

- **SUB + WILL + NOT [WON'T] + INFINITIVE + COMPLEMENTS.**
“I won't go to the gym today.”

INTERROGATIVE

- **WILL + SUB + INFINITIVE + COMPLEMENTS?**
“Will you cook dinner tonight?”



1) GRAMMAR

(to be) GOING TO

to

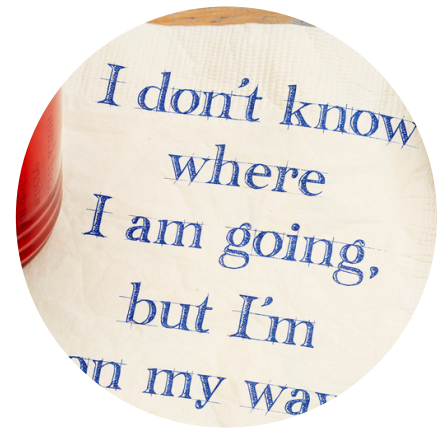
Voy a hacer algo

AFFIRMATIVE

- SUB + (AM / IS / ARE) + GOING TO + INFINITIVE.
“I’m going to cook dinner tonight.”

NEGATIVE

- SUB + (AM / IS / ARE) + NOT + GOING TO + INFINITIVE.
“I’m not going to travel anywhere this summer.”



INTERROGATIVE

- (AM / IS / ARE) + SUB + GOING TO – INFINITIVE + COMPLEMENTS ?
“Are you going to call your sister later?”

1) GRAMMAR

PRESENT CONTINUOUS

** Spanish speakers use the present simple as this future. Ej: Esta noche ceno fuera.

AFFIRMATIVE

- SUB + (AM / IS / ARE) + ING + COMPLEMENTS.

“I’m eating out tonight.” **

Esta noche ceno fuera

Are you ready? 

NEGATIVE

- SUB + (AM / IS / ARE) + NOT + ING + COMPLEMENTS.

“I’m not working tomorrow.” ** Mañana no trabajo.

INTERROGATIVE

- (AM/ IS / ARE) + SUB + ING + COMPLEMENTS?

“Are you playing paddle today?”

** ¿juegas al paddle hoy?

2) USAGE

WILL

Cosas que “creemos que pueden pasar”, pero tampoco lo sabemos seguro y decisiones esporádicas, que somos incapaces de planear, que surgen.

Examples:

- You see a lady carrying some heavy boxes and you tell her: “I´ll help you.”
- I think my teacher will sit an exam next month.
- I think that I will finish this task tomorrow.
- Maybe / perhaps, my mother will come to my house.
- I´m not sure, but my son will pass an exam tomorrow.



2) USAGE

GOING TO

Planes (que puede que pasen o no),
fenómenos meteorológicos y cosas que están
a punto de pasar.

Examples:

- He's going to spend his vacation in Canada.
- The weather forecast said it's going to rain tomorrow.
- Look at that skater!! He's going to crash!!
- I'm going to visit my brother on the weekend.
- It's going to rain on Friday.
- Look at those children !! They are going to get wet.



2) USAGE

PRESENT CONTINUOUS

Cosas que sabemos seguro que van a pasar.

Examples:

- I'm eating out tonight, I'm meeting my friend at 9:00.
- He's travelling to China tomorrow, his mum is very sad.
- I'm having a shower later.
- I'm helping my daughter studying (to study) tomorrow.



3) VISUAL EXAMPLES

Decisiones esporádicas/repentinas



Tom: I have a headache.

Peter: I will get you an aspirin

Para hablar de fenómenos meteorológicos



It is going to rain tomorrow.

Cosas que sabemos seguro que van a pasar.



I´m flying to Paris on Saturday,
my flight leaves at 5:00 p.m.

3) VISUAL EXAMPLES

Cosas que están a punto de ocurrir



Be careful !! You're going to fall !!

Planes



My neighbour is going to learn English

Predicciones futuras (cosas que creemos que van a pasar)



I'm going to visit Rome.
I think he will come tonight.

4) ADVERBS

USAGE ADVERBS

- Then, later, soon, ...
- Tomorrow, tonight, the day after tomorrow, ...
- On Saturday, Sunday, ...
- This weekend, this month, this summer, this year ...
- Next Monday, next week, next month, next year ..
- IN a few weeks, IN a month, IN an hour, IN a year, IN the future...
- IN 2030, ...



CLASS RECAP

01

WILL

Future simple-haré, cocinaré, diré, viajaré

02

To be (Going to)

Voy a
hacer.....algo.....

03

Present Continuous

As a future..... esta
noche ceno fuera

04

WE HAVE 3 FORMS

AFFIRMATIVE

NEGATIVE

INTERROGATIVE